



<b>Response</b>	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	Although the product as a whole is in solid format, the product does not meet the OSHA HCS definition of a flammable solid as per Appendix B to 1910.1200 - Physical Hazard Criteria, section B.7.1 and B. 7.2 or Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations Subpart 7.
<b>Other hazards</b>	None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling		68410-97-9	85
Propan-2-ol		67-63-0	15

**Composition comments** All concentrations are in percent by weight.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Not relevant, due to the form of the product. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Not relevant, due to the form of the product. However: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Narcosis. Dizziness. Behavioural changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel sick, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	May burn with invisible flame. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Organic compounds.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

**General fire hazards** Solid containing highly flammable liquid and vapour.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains. The liquid solvent solution is miscible in water. Spills are very unlikely, because the wiper fabric has absorbed the liquid solvent solution. In the event of a spill, contain with an inert absorbent. Collect the wipes with a non sparking tool and absorb or wipe any residual liquids. Used wipes must be disposed in a closed container.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

### Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

WARNING! Used wipes may catch fire if improperly discarded or stored near ignition sources. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using do not smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	

#### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	984 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		400 ppm	
	TWA	492 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		200 ppm	

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
	STEL	400 ppm	
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	TWA	200 ppm	

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	400 ppm	
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	TWA	200 ppm	

**Canada. New Brunswick OELs: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) Based on the 1991 and 1997 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs Publication (New Brunswick Regulation 91-191)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	400 ppm	
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	TWA	200 ppm	

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	400 ppm	
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	TWA	200 ppm	

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable dusts and mists.
	STEL	1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)		500 ppm	
	TWA	985 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		400 ppm	

**Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended**

Components	Type	Value
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	15 minute	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	8 hour	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	15 minute	400 ppm
	8 hour	200 ppm

## Biological limit values

### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Not necessary under normal conditions. If splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

#### Skin protection

##### Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Take note of the information given by the manufacturer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact).

Recommended materials: Neoprene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Polyethylene. Chlorinated polyethylene (or Chlorosulfonated polyethylene). Natural rubber. Nitrile rubber/Nitrile latex - NBR. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL").

Unsuitable materials: Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).

##### Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance with CSA Standard Z94.4.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Physical state

Solid.

### Form

Wipes saturated with liquid.

### Colour

Colourless, Clear.

### Odour

Pungent.

### Odour threshold

Property has not been measured.

### Melting point/freezing point

Property has not been measured.

### Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

> 118.33 °C (> 245 °F) (liquid)

### Flammability

Solid containing highly flammable liquid.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 1 (liquid)

Explosive limit - upper (%) 7 (liquid)

### Flash point

12.22 - 18.33 °C (54 - 65 °F) (liquid)

### Auto-ignition temperature

Property has not been measured.

### Decomposition temperature

Property has not been measured.

### pH

Property has not been measured.

### Kinematic viscosity

Property has not been measured.

### Solubility

Solubility (water) < 0.1 % Insoluble in water. (liquid)

<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) (log value)</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Density and/or relative density</b>	
<b>Density</b>	0.7358 - 0.78 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (liquid)
<b>Relative density</b>	0.78 (liquid)
<b>Vapour density</b>	3 (Air=1) (Relative Vapor Density) (liquid)
<b>Particle characteristics</b>	Not applicable (product is a liquid).
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	< 1 (n-Butyl Acetate = 1) (liquid)
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Not oxidising.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Property has not been measured.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	At elevated temperatures: Ketones. Aldehydes.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Not relevant, due to the form of the product. However: May be harmful if swallowed.

<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Narcosis. Dizziness. Behavioural changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
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### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. In high concentrations, vapours are anaesthetic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and central nervous system effects.
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<b>Product</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test Results</b>
Contec® PROSAT® 85/15 VMP/IPA (CAS Mixture)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
ATEmix		4710 mg/kg bw
<b>Components</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test Results</b>
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	12870 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
<i>Vapour</i>		
LC50	Rat	72.6 mg/l, 4 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Oral</b> LD50	Rat	4710 mg/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitisation</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Not a respiratory sensitiser.	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitisation.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
<b>ACGIH Carcinogens</b>		
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)		A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)		A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
<b>Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity</b>		
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)		Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)		Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
<b>Canada - New Brunswick OELs: Carcinogen category</b>		
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)		A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)		A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
Distillates (petroleum), light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	
<b>Further information</b>	No data available.	

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna > 10000 mg/l, 24 hours
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas 9640 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Chronic</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna > 100 mg/l, 21 days
	NOEC	Daphnia magna 141 mg/l, 16 days
		30 mg/l, 21 days

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

## Bioaccumulative potential

### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0) 0.05

**Mobility in soil** The product contains substances, which are water soluble and may spread in water systems.

**Other adverse effects** None known.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Used wipes must be disposed in a closed container. Dispose of used wipes by dry waste to landfill.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F  
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

## 14. Transport information

### TDG

**UN number** UN1993  
**UN proper shipping name** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Petroleum distillates, Isopropanol)  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 3  
**Subsidiary hazard** -  
**Packing group** II  
**Environmental hazards** No.  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IATA

**UN number** -  
**UN proper shipping name** IATA: Not permitted for transport  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** -  
**Subsidiary hazard** -  
**Packing group** -  
**Environmental hazards** No.  
**Special precautions for user** IATA classification is not relevant as the material is not transported by air.

### IMDG

**UN number** UN1993  
**UN proper shipping name** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Petroleum Distillates, Isopropanol)  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 3  
**Subsidiary hazard** -  
**Packing group** II  
**Environmental hazards**  
**Marine pollutant** No.  
**EmS** F-E, S-E  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

## 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian regulations** This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

**Canada Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, Schedule I**

Not regulated.

**Canada Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, Schedule II**

Not regulated.

**Canada Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, Schedule III**

Not regulated.

**Canada Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, Schedule IV**

Not regulated.

**Canada Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, Schedule V**

Not regulated.

**Canada Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, Schedule VI**

Not regulated.

**Canada Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, Schedule VII**

Not regulated.

**Canada Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, Schedule VIII**

Not regulated.

**Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)**

Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases**

Not listed.

**Precursor Control Regulations**

Not regulated.

**International regulations****Stockholm Convention**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention**

Not listed.

**Kyoto Protocol**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Basel Convention**

Not listed.

**International Inventories**

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)  
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information

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**Version No.** 02

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